

Stat 345 Solutions - Section 4.7 (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.)/3.7 (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.)

Problem 4-64/3-72

$X \sim \text{geometric}(p=0.4)$  ( $p=0.4$  since  $\frac{1}{p} = 2.5$ )

- (a)  $P(X = 1) = (1 - p)^{1-1}p = p = 0.4$   
(b)  $P(X = 4) = (1 - p)^{4-1}p = (0.6)^3 0.4 = 0.0864$   
(c)  $P(X = 5) = (1 - p)^{5-1}p = (0.6)^4 0.4 = 0.0518$   
(d)

$$\begin{aligned}P(X \leq 3) &= P(X = 1) + P(X = 2) + P(X = 3) \\&= (1 - p)^0 p + (1 - p)^1 p + (1 - p)^2 p \\&= 0.4 + (0.6)0.4 + (0.6)^2 0.4 \\&= 0.784\end{aligned}$$

(e)  $P(X > 3) = 1 - P(X \leq 3) = 1 - 0.784 = 0.216$

Problem 4-64/3-75

Let  $X =$  the number of calls until connected. Then  $X \sim \text{geometric}(p=0.02)$ .

- (a)  $P(X = 10) = (0.98)^{10-1}(0.02) = 0.0167$   
(b)

$$\begin{aligned}P(X > 5) &= 1 - P(X \leq 5) \\&= 1 - [P(X = 1) + P(X = 2) + P(X = 3) + P(X = 4) + P(X = 5)] \\&= 1 - [0.02 + (0.98)(0.02) + (0.98)^2(0.02) + (0.98)^3(0.02) + (0.98)^4(0.02)] \\&= 1 - 0.0961 = 0.9039\end{aligned}$$

(c)  $E(X) = \frac{1}{p} = \frac{1}{0.02} = 50$

Problem 4-68/3-80

The pmf for a negative binomial RV is

$$f(x) = \binom{x-1}{r-1} p^r (1-p)^{x-r}, x = r, r+1, r+2, \dots$$

If  $r = 1$  then

$$f(x) = \binom{x-1}{0} p(1-p)^{x-1} = (1-p)^{x-1} p, x = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

which is the geometric pmf.

For the negative binomial distribution,  $E(X) = \frac{r}{p}$  and  $Var(X) = \frac{r(1-p)}{p^2}$ . If  $r = 1$ , then  $E(X) = \frac{1}{p}$  and  $Var(X) = \frac{(1-p)}{p^2}$ , which are the same as the geometric distribution.

Problem 4-69/3-81

$X \sim \text{neg bin}(r = 4, p = 0.2)$

- (a)  $E(X) = \frac{r}{p} = \frac{4}{0.2} = 20$
- (b)  $P(X = 20) = \binom{20-1}{4-1} (0.2)^4 (0.8)^{20-4} = 0.0436$
- (c)  $P(X = 19) = \binom{19-1}{4-1} (0.2)^4 (0.8)^{19-4} = 0.0459$
- (d)  $P(X = 21) = \binom{21-1}{4-1} (0.2)^4 (0.8)^{21-4} = 0.0411$

Problem 4-72/3-84

Let  $X$  = the number of transactions until all 3 computers fail. Then  $X \sim \text{neg bin}(r = 3, p = 10^{-8})$ .

- (a)  $E(X) = \frac{r}{p} = \frac{3}{10^{-8}} = 3 \times 10^8$
- (b)  $Var(X) = \frac{r(1-p)}{p^2} = \frac{3(1-10^{-8})}{(10^{-8})^2} = 3 \times 10^{16}$